



# SMALL GRANTS PROGRAMME RESULTS REPORT (FY 2017-2023)

MADAGASCAR



## COUNTRY REPORT CARD FY 2017-2023

#### PORTFOLIO PROFILE SINCE INCEPTION

Country Programme Name	Madagascar						
Year Started	2008						
	GEF	Total					
Number of projects	416	35	451				
Grant amount committed	8,459,695	649,670	9,109,365				
Project level co-financing in cash	2,473,374	18,873	2,492,247				
Project level co-financing in kind	2,583,956	774,601	3,358,558				
Total co-financing *		6,500,475					
Source: SGP database as of 2023							
* Total co-financing = Total project level co- committed	-financing (in cash and	d in kind) + Non-GEF g	rant amount				

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	July 2022 - June 2023	Total Value 2016 - 2023
<b>Focal Area Distribution</b>	(by completed	projects)						
Biodiversity	3	7	_	1	12	28	16	67
Climate Change	1	2	-	-	1	6	-	10
Land Degradation	-	9	4	5	7	8	7	40
Capacity Development	-	2	1	1	1	4	1	10
International Waters	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Total Projects Completed	4	20	5	7	21	46	27	130

Source: Reporting by Country Programme as part of Annual Monitoring Process (2016-2023)

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	July 2022 - June 2023	Total Value 2016 - 2023 **
** Kindly note the total values 2016-2023 have undergone time and/or inclusion of more results based on verificatio			e that supports a	aggregation of res	sults over time. T	his includes rem	oval of duplicativ	e data over
PROGRESS TOWARDS FOCAL AREA O		ceans.						
Biodiversity								
Number of biodiversity projects completed	3	7	-	1	12	28	16	67
Number of Protected Areas (PAs) positively								
influenced	3	4	-	-	4	13	3	27
Hectares of PAs	207,942	641,875	-	-	584,393	2,427,000	221,230	4,082,440
Number of Indigenous and Community Conserved Areas and Territories (ICCAs)								
positively influenced	27	1	_	1	6	4	12	51
		-		-	0		12	51
Hectares of ICCAs	20,056	6,004	-	10,500	57,326	11,932	3,500	109,318
Number of biodiversity-based products								
sustainably produced	4	3	-	5	7	10	4	33
		_			_	_		
Number of significant species conserved	11	3	-	8	5	5	4	36
Number of target landscapes/seascapes under								
improved community conservation and sustainable use	2	2		2		2	2	20
	3	3	-	3	6	3	2	20
Hectares of target landscapes/seascapes under								
improved community conservation and sustainable use	222,686	50,000	_	10,500	600,000	2,000,000	8,450	2,891,636
Climate Change	222,000	50,000	-	10,500	000,000	2,000,000	8,450	2,851,030
Number of climate change projects completed	1	2	-	-	1	6	-	10
Did the country programme address								
community-level barriers to deployment of								
low-GHG technologies? (yes/no)	Yes	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	2
Hectares of forests and non-forest lands with								
restoration and enhancement of carbon stocks								
initiated through completed projects	703	-	-	-	38,293	209,000	-	247,996

	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	July 2022 - June 2023	Total Value 2016 - 2023 **
Number of typologies of community-oriented, locally adapted energy access solutions with successful demonstrations or scaling up and								
replication Number of households achieving energy access co-benefits (ecosystem effects, income,	1	2	-	-	-	3	-	6
health and others)	100	100	-	-	100	721	-	1,021
Breakdown of projects								
Low carbon technology and renewable energy projects	1	2	-	-	1	2	-	6
Conservation and enhancement of carbon stocks projects	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Land Degradation								
Number of land degradation projects completed	-	9	4	5	7	8	7	40
Number of community members with improved actions and practices that reduce								
negative impacts on land uses	10	-	5,000	-	100	-	3,150	8,260
Number of community members demonstrating sustainable land and forest management practices	7,160	20,000	65,315	48,810	3,334	69,143	3,150	216,912
Hectares of land brought under improved management practices	1,200	100	200	101	3,334	33,148	180	38,263
Number of farmer leaders involved in successful demonstrations of agro-ecological practices	-	-	54	-	400	500	14	968
Number of farmer organizations, groups or networks disseminating climate-smart agroecological practices	10	_	24		100	50	7	191
International Waters	10						-	
Number of international waters projects completed	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
Number of seascapes/inland freshwater landscapes	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1

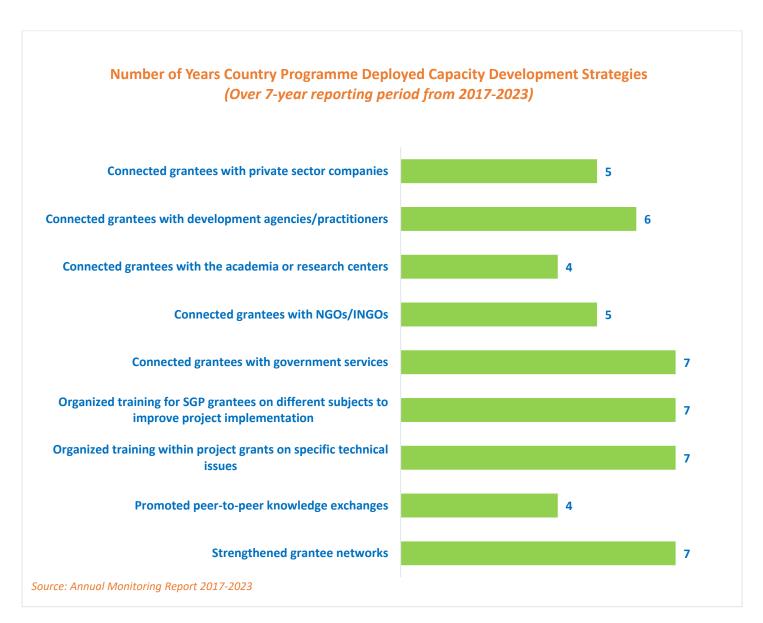
	July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	July 2018 - June 2019	July 2019 - June 2020	July 2020 - June 2021	July 2021 - June 2022	July 2022 - June 2023	Total Value 2016 - 2023 **
Hectares of seascapes covered under improved community conservation and sustainable use management systems	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	4,000
Chemicals and Waste								
Community-Based Tools/Approaches Deplo	yed as Part o	of the Portfo	lio		1		1	
Awareness raising and capacity development	Yes	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Capacity Development								
Number of capacity development projects completed	-	2	1	1	1	4	1	10
Number of civil society organizations with strengthened capacities	-	20	34	-	30	20	5	109
Number of community-based organizations with strengthened capacities	-	400	150	60	500	400	30	1,540
Number of people with improved capacities to address global environmental issues at the community level	_	2,000	300	240	1,000	2,000	250	5,790
GRANTMAKER PLUS	I	,			,			
CSO-Government Dialogue								
Number of CSO-government dialogues supported	7	2	28	5	10	6	5	63
Number of CSO/CBO representatives involved in the dialogues	400	500	1,400	100	100	400	300	3,200
South-South Exchange	1		1		1		1	
Number of South-South exchanges supported	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Gender	1						1	
Number of gender responsive completed projects	3	18	5	6	1	30	27	90
Number of completed projects led by women	1	1	1	-	6	4	5	18
Programme Management: NSC gender focal point (yes/no)	Yes	7						

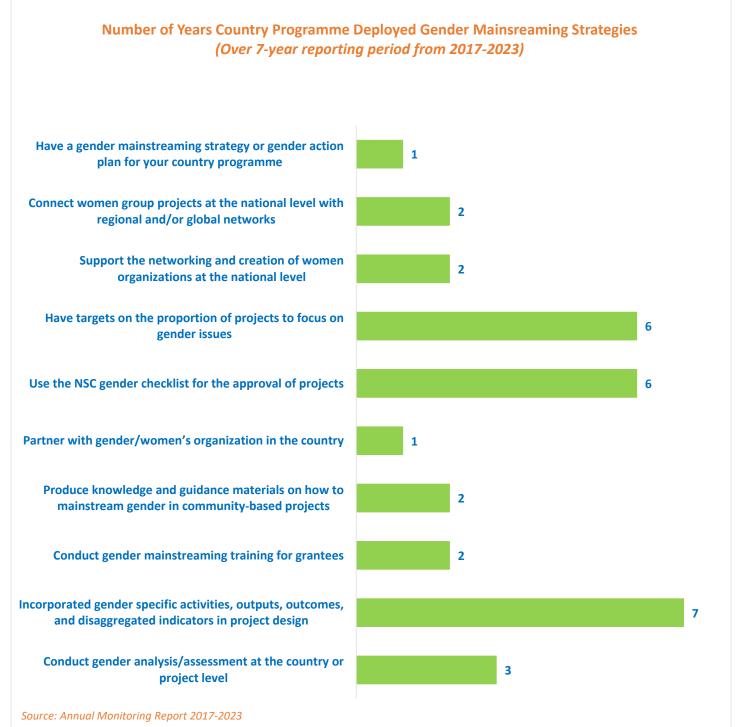
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Indigenous Peoples								
Number of completed projects that included indigenous peoples	3	5	5	1	4	6	19	43
Number of indigenous leaders with improved capacities	-	5	54	28	10	30	50	177
Programme Management: NSC IP focal point (yes/no)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	6
Ways to encourage IP projects	r	r	T	T	T	r	T	
Proposals accepted in local languages (yes/no)	Yes	7						
Proposals accepted using participatory video (yes/no)	-	-	Yes	-	-	-	-	1
Involved indigenous peoples in NSC and/or TAG (yes/no)	-	-	Yes	-	Yes	Yes	Yes	4
Enhanced outreach and networking with indigenous people's groups (yes/no)	Yes	7						
Youth								
Number of completed projects that included youth	2	18	5	3	4	2	5	39
Number of youth organizations	-	2	4	-	10	10	30	56
Programme Management: NSC youth focal point (yes/no)	Yes	7						
Persons with Disability			1	1	1			
Number of disabled persons organizations	-	-	2	-	4	5	20	31
<b>BROADER ADOPTION (Scaling up, Rep</b>	plication, P	olicy Influe	nce, Impro	ving Livelik	noods)			
Projects replicated or scaled up	1	-	5	2	4	10	6	28
Projects with policy influence	3	1	5	1	6	15	6	37
Projects improving livelihoods of communities	4	16	5	1	13	42	27	108

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PROGRAMME EFFECTIVENESS	-						-	
Peer-to-peer exchanges conducted	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Community-level trainings conducted	30	-	-	-	30	-	-	60
Number of projects monitored through field visits	45	22	50	60	70	100	50	397
PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT								
National Steering Committee								
Number of NSC meetings occurred during the reporting period	3	-	1	1	2	1	2	10
Average number of NSC members that participated in each NSC meeting	6	-	6	9	6	7	6	7

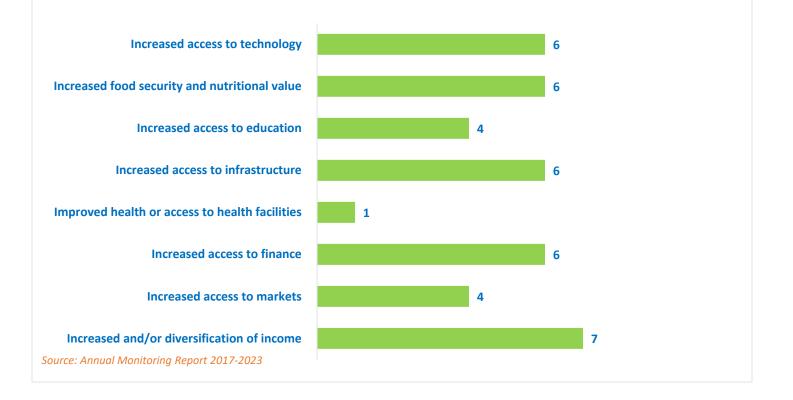
## **GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION OF KEY RESULTS**

Interpreting the Green Bars in Graphs: The presence of green bars indicates the number of years that the country programme has achieved specific results. If a green bar is absent, it signifies that while the associated result is not observed in the country programme, it is still evident in the overall aggregated SGP portfolio.

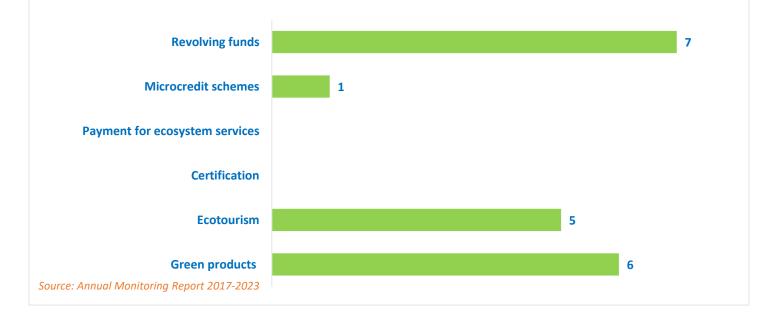




## Number of Years Country Programme Deployed Strategies to Improve Community Livelihoods and Quality of Life (Over 7-year reporting period from 2017-2023)



Number of Years Country Programme Deployed Market-based and Financial Mechanisms to Improve Community Livelihoods (Over 7-year reporting period from 2017-2023)



#### Number of Years Country Programme Addressed Sustainable Development Goals (Over 7-year reporting period from 2017-2023)



Source: Annual Monitoring Report 2017-2023

## EXAMPLES OF PROJECT RESULTS

## **Biodiversity**

In **Madagascar**, SGP supported grantee, *Association Manampy* in the conservation of biodiversity and the rational and sustainable management of natural resources of 2,115 ha of mangrove in the Tsaramandroso Local Based Community in the district of Ambato-Boeni. The project aimed to reduce the pressure on mangroves, minimizing illegal exploitation, fire, hunting and poaching. To this end, 75% of households contributed to the sustainable management of natural resources. In 5 years, the area of mangroves increased by 25ha, contributing to the avoidance of around 4,106 T of carbon. Furthermore, the living conditions of local communities have improved through the mastery of improved farming and fishing techniques as an alternative to the use of mangroves. The rice yield increased from 1.5T / ha to 3T / h; 75% of fishermen started using standardized techniques; 100% of breeders vaccinated their cattle and the population of crabs and shrimps has increased. *(Source: Annual Monitoring Report, 2019-2020)* 

## **Climate Change**

In **Madagascar**, SGP supported grantee *Soariake* in the fight against climate change in the marine and coastal environment of a Marine Protected Area of 38,293 ha. This area is highly vulnerable to climate change which has resulted in the beaching of corals, as reported by the inventories carried out by WWF and WCS. To this end, the project strengthened the community conservation of this marine and coastal site and promoted alternative activities so that the ecosystem can carry out its ecological and economic functions. As key results, 38,293 ha of marine and coastal ecosystems have been strengthened and alternative activities that can increase resilience to climate change have been promoted such as sustainable energy use and ecotourism. *(Source: Annual Monitoring Report, 2020-2021)* 

#### Scaling up, Replication and Policy Influence

In **Madagascar**, SGP supported grantee, Association MIAHAVO, to strengthen the role and influence of local communities in the Atsinanana, Analanjirofo and Alaotra Mangoro regions for sustainable management of natural resources. The objectives included training representatives from the three regions on the rights and responsibilities of communities, progressive inventories, estimation and promotion of the cultural, social and economic values of natural resources, development of simplified maps at the level of the land, the relations between managers and local communities, the capitalization of community funds and exchange of good practices. The project paved the way for a national level technical meeting on legislation, rights and responsibilities of local communities in the management and governance of natural resources. As results, the project has built the capacities of at least 10 local representatives from each region. At least 60% of local communities have developed and managed schemes for plans for their land; at least half of local communities have community funds; emphasis on regional exchange on community successes and good practices. This initiative has been replicated in several regions of Madagascar to strengthen and empower the local communities. At present, 12 out of the 14 emblematic Les Aires du Patrimoine Communautaire (APAC) communities in Madagascar have benefited from the experiences of this project, allowing them to develop a database of the natural resources in their communities, which will further enable them in their preparation for inclusion in the International Register of Indigenous Peoples. *(Source: Annual Monitoring Report, 2019-2020)* 

## METHODOLOGICAL BASIS OF COUNTRY REPORT

- Results aggregations over time are only for completed projects.
- With SGP's rolling modality, results reflect all ongoing operational phases during the indicated period. Please refer to the total projects completed on the first page for information in this regard.
- The source of reported results is the annual monitoring process, which is part of the annual monitoring requirements for each country programme. Additionally, evaluative evidence sources have also been leveraged, if available for the country programme.
- This results report benefits from extensive quality assurance. All information across all countries in the portfolio is harmonized, verified, and evidenced before being reported. Several layers of this quality assurance have been implemented in the generation of this report and there are no result duplications across years. This point is important not only for a specific unit of measurement (i.e., indicator selected) but also for results aggregation across years in a given operational phase. Reported results include both direct and indirect global-environmental and socio-economic benefits. This is due to SGP's work in two key areas:
  - SGP works towards behavioural change at individual, organizational, and community levels. Social determinants that shape human interaction with the environment play an important role, especially at the community level, as sustainability and the continuation of environmental gains often depend on them. These factors include positive shifts in knowledge, attitudes, practices, social and cultural norms, and conventions. Such interventions shape not only demand but also communication between community leaders and other influencers in promoting the adoption of environmentally friendly behaviours and practices. Often, SGP projects have ripple effects that go well beyond the direct scope of the project, emphasizing the importance of measuring indirect impact.
  - Encouraging Community Action for Environmental Change. For many years, SGP has focused on promoting and supporting local community groups to bring about broader and sustainable environmental change. This approach is a key aspect of SGP's work and recognizes the power of motivated community groups to create significant impact and drive positive transformation. Community group action refers to informal gatherings of individuals and organizations in the community who share a common belief and purpose. It involves taking practical steps over time to address environmental and socioeconomic challenges and creating positive change. This grassroots-level approach relies on the active involvement and empowerment of the community, with the initial efforts acting as a catalyst for further mobilization. By encouraging self-governance and involving those most affected by the issues, community action can extend its influence to more people in the community, underscoring the importance of measuring indirect impact.